Artificial Intelligence formulated this projection for compatibility purposes from the original article published at Global Journals. However, this technology is currently in beta. *Therefore, kindly ignore odd layouts, missed formulae, text, tables, or figures.*

1	Current Status of Multimedia Materials in Departments and
2	Institutions of AMU Aligarh
3	$Md Imtiyaz Alam^1$
4	¹ Aligarh Muslim University
5	Received: 15 December 2019 Accepted: 3 January 2020 Published: 15 January 2020

7 Abstract

This study aimed to know the current status of existing multimedia materials in the multimedia language labs in departments and institution of Aligarh Muslim University. A survey questionnaire was applied to collect data and analysed by using SPSS software version-17. Moreover, questionnaire was only distributed among the students and teachers group who are using multimedia materials for learning English language and teachers who are teaching them in the Multimedia lab with the integration of technology. The study was led during the session 2016- 2017 academic years. This paper is one the chapters of Ph.D thesis submitted for award of the degree of doctor of philosophy.

16

17 Index terms— multimedia materials (MMM), ESL, technology, communication.

18 1 Introduction

nglish language teachers of Aligarh Muslim University, Aligarh have the responsibility of teaching English 19 language learners in the classroom according to the prescribed syllabus or booklet. But the irony is that the 20 syllabus and text books do not cover all language components. So, English language teaching (ELT) in the 21 classroom only emphasizes certain components of the language. There are some components of language not 22 covered in the syllabus, such as correct pronunciation, vocabulary, paralinguistic features, and activity based 23 teaching. And another related issue is that limited periods have been allocated for the language class. English 24 25 language teachers mainly focus on reading and writing and listening and speaking skills are less emphasised in 26 the classroom. These are the drawbacks of the situation for students to learn and practice the language in the classroom. Limited time of class, fear of making mistakes and limited classroom practice are the cause of lack 27 of confidence among the students in using the target language. The language learner requires more learning 28 experiences, student and teacher interaction and increase number of periods for developing English language 29 proficiency in the classroom. 30

In the context of Aligarh Muslim University large classrooms are one of the major problems in teaching 31 and learning the English language, because in such an environment healthy interaction is not possible between 32 teachers and students. However, this shortcoming can be compensated by the use of multimedia inside and 33 outside the English language classroom. Moreover, some ESL students are completely dependent on their lectures, 34 language learning materials, and classroom tasks. Students might have undesirable attitudes and opinions towards 35 multimedia materials (written as MMM henceforth) and may be unaware about the benefits of MMM for language 36 37 learning. So, they might be indifferent towards the use of MMM and lack motivation to learn the target language 38 themselves with the use of multimedia technology. In Aligarh Muslim University at present, multimedia language labs have been installed in the Zakir Hussain 39

40 Engineering College, Multimedia Lab Department of English and Multimedia Lab in the Department of 41 Linguistics and many smart classrooms have been established for special lectures, presentations, for debates 42 and discussions intended to provide knowledge from across the globe, to enhance language, soft skills, personality 43 development of students, and encourage innovative research and teaching skills with the use of multimedia 44 technology.

5 CURRENT STATUS OF MMM IN DEPT. AND INSTITUTION

However researchers have observed that the traditional method of English language classroom teaching and learning can no longer effectively fulfil the communicative needs of the students for language teaching and learning (Richards & Rodgers, 2014).

The term multimedia is basically taken from the Latin word "Multum" and "medium" which denotes the composite of different media contents **??**Syed, 2008). Vaughan remarked that "multimedia is any combination of text, sound, animation, and video delivered by computer or other electronic or digitally manipulated means. It is a woven combination of digitally manipulated text, photographs, graphic art, sound, animation, and video elements" **??**Vanghan, 2008).

Simply speaking the meaning of multimedia is that with the help of the computer, information can be presented by means of audio, video, and animation.

Multimedia materials (MMM) are all that sort of technical equipment which helps us to exchange information in a greater sense. It transforms information into knowledge which is a process of activating the cognitive schemas

 $_{57}$ of students and increases the power of human senses. This transformation may gain numerous forms, right from

digitalized images to virtual reconstructions, from simple text to hiper-texts which allow bringing changes in the tool according to the requirements of students.

60 **2** II.

61 Statement Wise Analysis of MMM in Departments and Institutions of AMU

⁶² 3 CURRent statUs oF MMM In DePt. anD InstItUtIons

The multimedia lab is well established for developing English language in your institution/department. 63 Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data The purpose of this statement is to know the condition 64 of multimedia language lab in different faculties and Departments of AMU, Aligarh. Students and teachers who 65 are involved in the teaching learning process of English language in the language lab, 59% students and 41.7%66 teachers reported that a wellestablished English language lab exists in the respective Department for language 67 learning. Yet, 29.8% students and 45% teachers responded negatively and 11.2% students and 13.3% teachers 68 are responded: "can't say". So research findings revealed that well established multimedia lab exist but not up 69 to the mark for many teachers and students, it still needs to improved and fulfil the objectives of multimedia 70 language lab. The main objective of this statement is to know the place of multimedia materials and lab work 71 mentioned in the English language syllabus. The Table (7.3) and Figure ??7.3) show that only 32% student and 72 33.3% teachers responded that language lab activities and tasks are mentioned in the prescribed syllabuses. 73 But majority of teacher and students reported that language lab activities are not clearly mentioned in the 74 syllabus, 9% students and 3% teachers responded "can't say". Therefore, syllabus designers and authorities 75

⁷⁶ should take it in to their consideration. The multimedia lab is well equipped with internet connectivity.

⁷⁷ Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data ??igure 1.4 The majority of students and teachers

 $_{78}$ $\,$ reported that the multimedia lab is well equipped with internet connectivity. Yet, 36.9\% students and 40.7%

teachers responded that proper internet facilities are not available in the language lab and 15.8% students and
13.3% teachers responded that they "can't say". So, the responsible authorities should ensure efficient internet
connection in the language lab.

⁸² 4 CURRent statUs oF MMM In DePt. anD InstItUtIon

The majority of the teachers are familiar with the use of MMM in the class as well as outside the class Source: 83 Researchers' calculation based on primary data ??igure 1.5 The main objective of this statement is to identify the 84 skills and level of familiarity with technology among the teachers. A good presenter requires skills for operating 85 technology in the classroom. In the Table (7.5) and Figure (7.5), 49.3% students and 36% teachers reported that 86 most of the teachers are familiar with the use of multimedia technology in the classroom and outside the class. 87 But, 29.8% students and 58% teachers responded that they are not well versed with the latest technology in the 88 language classroom. So, authorities should take this problem in their notice. The purpose of this statement is 89 to know the availability of listening and speaking skill based materials in the respective Departments of Aligarh 90 Muslim University. A good language lab is well equipped with language teaching materials. In the Table (7.7) 91 and Figure (7.7), 42.6% students and 13.3% teachers are satisfied with currently available listening and speaking 92 materials in the multimedia lab. But 35.8% students and 66.7% teachers are not satisfied with present materials 93 in the language lab. It shows that available materials are not enough for the teachers and students of Aligarh 94 Muslim University. In short, shortage of materials or unsatisfactory materials is major problems and this is the 95 matter of concern at the administrative level and it should be addressed. 96

97 5 CURRent statUs oF MMM In DePt. anD InstItUtIon

The intention of the above statement is to know the availability of writing skill based materials in the different language lab of the university. A modern multimedia language lab equipped with computer technology and latest language software has the potential to train students and give quality language task. In the Table (7.9) and Figure (7.9), 34.6% students and 13.3% teachers are satisfied with currently available writing materials in the multimedia lab. Yet, 30.6% students and 66.7% teachers are responded that present materials in the language lab do not fulfil the needs of the students and staff. It indicates that existing materials are not enough for the teachers and students of Aligarh Muslim University. In brief, lack of writing materials is a major problem. It should be taken into consideration by the authorities. Prescribed books are available for learning English language with

106 the integration of MMM

107 6 comn).

A book is one of the significant components of the teaching and learning process, in the absence of it, one cannot imagine good education. In the Table (7.10) and Figure (7.10), 32.3% students and only 11% teachers reported that prescribed books are available online for learning English language. On the hand, 37.3% students and 69% teachers responded, books are not prescribed for learning the English language with the integration of technology and 30.6% students and 20% teacher responded they "can't say". Results show that majority of the teachers and students do not have access to books on ESL/EFL with technology. So the authorities of the institutions should take it in their notice. There are enough numbers of computers for all the students.

Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data Whereas 39.6% students and 70.3% teachers reported 115 that the number of computers is not sufficient for students to use. Findings of the data revealed that majority 116 of the students and teachers are not satisfied with existing number of computer in their Language Lab. The 117 lab attendant is trained to handle the equipment Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data Figure 118 1.12 "Confidence comes from discipline and training" (Robert Kiyosaki, n.d, Quotes,). Similarly, a teacher can 119 be confident with the help of proper teacher training, guidance and observation. In the Table (7.12) and figure 120 (7.12), 30.6% students and teachers replied that language lab attendant is well trained to handle the modern 121 technology. But, 57.5% students and 73.3% teachers reported that in the English language lab attendant is 122 not trained for the assigned work and 11.9% students and 6.7% teachers replied "can't say". The result shows 123 majority of the language lab attendant is not trained for the allotted work. So, the authorities should train their 124 human resources who are working in the language lab. Well-trained teachers are assigned for teaching English 125 with the use of MMM. 126

Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data Figure 1.13 "It's all to do with training: you can do a lot if you are properly trained" (Queen Elizabeth II, online Quotes). In the table (7.13) and figure (7.13) 53.7% students and 20% teachers responded well-trained teachers are assigned to teaching English language with the application of multimedia materials.

On the contrary, 32.8% students and 73% teachers stated that well-trained teachers are not appointed for teaching English language in the multimedia lab, 13.5% students and 7% teachers can't say.

133 It implies that well-trained English language teachers should be appointed in the English language lab and regular training programmes should be conducted for the teachers through which they can update their skills. 134 hardware are available in the language lab. Whereas 41% students and 74% teachers stated that sufficient 135 language software materials are not accessible in the language lab and 17.2% students and 4.7% teachers 136 responded they "can't say". The result shows that the majority of the teachers and students responded that 137 in the language lab software and hardware materials are insufficient for the effective teaching-learning process. 138 Therefore, multimedia language lab should be upgraded from time to time through which students and teachers 139 will connect with the latest development in the field of language teaching. Therefore, it implies that teacher 140 should include innovative and interesting activities through which students a motivated to attend the language 141 classroom. According to Lev Vygotsky "the most significant moment in the course of intellectual development, 142 which gives purely human forms of practical and abstract intelligence, occurs when speech and practical activity, 143 two previously completely independent lines of development, converge". 144

145 Tests or exams are conducted through the use of MMM.

Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data ??igure 1.16 The majority of 63.3% students and 68.3% teachers reported in the table (7.16) and figure (7.16) that English language tests or exams are conducted through multimedia technology in the language lab. Whereas among 28.8% students and 18.3% teachers responded that tests or exams are not conducted through multimedia technology. Results show that tests are conducted in the language lab but still needs to involve all the students in such tests.

¹⁵¹ 7 III. Conclusion and Recommendations

A combined understanding is needed to make out clear that really multimedia technology is good source of teaching materials and it can be used to achieve other National goal. Our country and society have existed intelligently, soundly and happily without the use of multimedia technology for many years and still practicing it. Bust now days, recent technology has become the demand of the hour, to use multimedia technology as a potential instrumental to full fill other human, cultural, social, economic and political purposes.

The use information communication technology (ICT) has been emphasised in the National policy on educational framework in 1986 and modified in 1992 emphasized using educational technology to promote the quality of teaching and learning process which had already included in the XII th Five Year Plan (2012-2017) to improve the quality of higher education system in India which is implemented by the University Grant Commission (UGC).

But in between, the planning commission of India which used to draft the five year plans had been dissolved and its place the NITI Ayog or National institution for Transforming India has taken the responsibility. So, NITI Ayog may take time to put 1

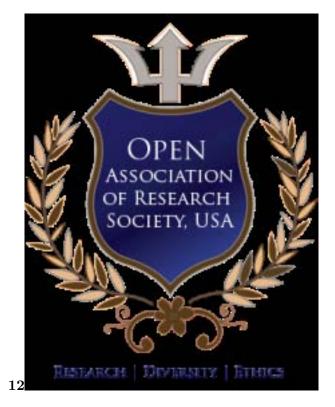


Figure 1: Figure 1.2

164

 $^{^1 @}$ 2020 Global Journals Current Status of Multimedia Materials in Departments and Institutions of AMU Aligarh

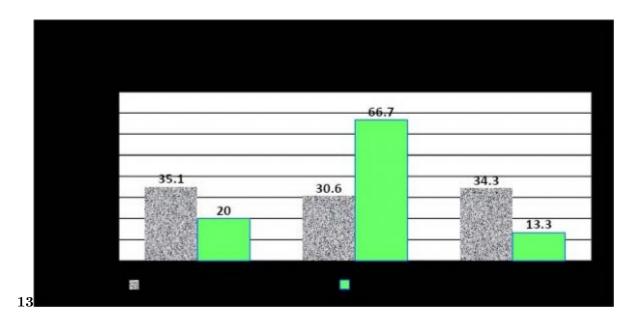


Figure 2: Figure 1 . 3

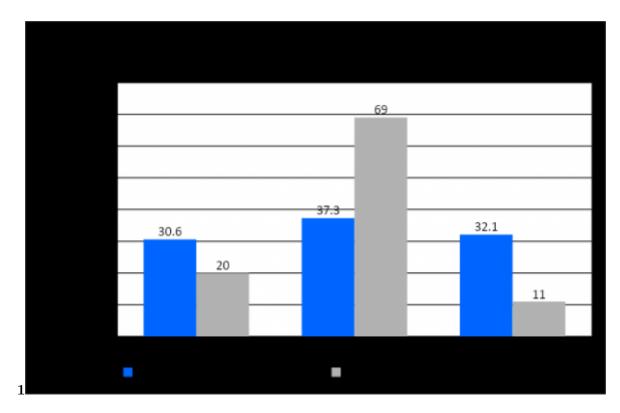
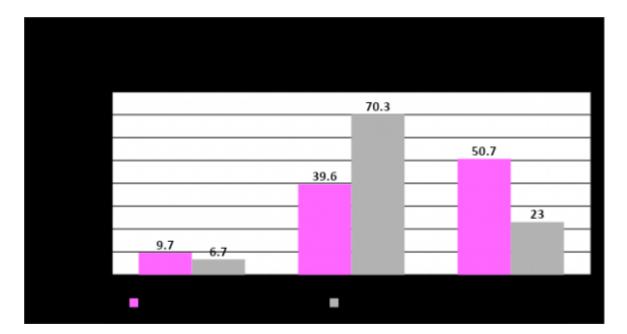


Figure 3: Figure 1





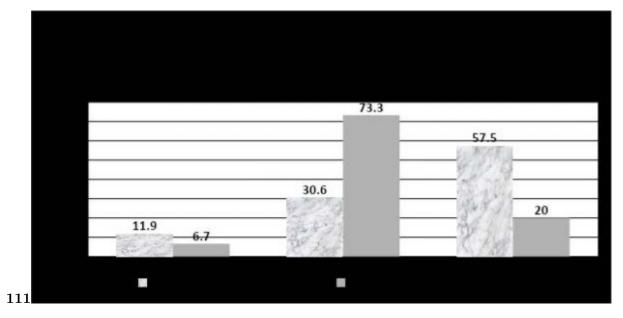


Figure 5: Figure 1 . 11 "

Participants	A multimedia lab or	language lab exists	in our institution / depart	men
MMM user students	Can't say	No Yes	Total	
			respon-	
			dents	
	5	3 126	134	
	3.7%	2.3% 94%	100%	
MMM user Teachers	0	0 14	14	
	0%	0% 100%	6 100%	
A 1. A 1. A 1. A	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	/ 1		

A multimedia lab or language lab exists in our institution/department

Figure 6: Table 1 . 1

1				
120				
100				94
8)			
6)			
4)			
20) 3.7		2.3	
TOTAL 0	Can't say		no	yes
Participants	The multimedia lab is well established fo	r develo	ping En	glish language in your instit
MMM user students	Can't say	No	Yes	Total re-
				spondents
	15	40	79	134
	11.2%	29.8%	59%	100%
MMM user Teachers	2	6	6	
	13.3%	45%	41.7%	100%

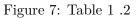


Figure 8: NUMBER OF STUDENTS AND TEACHERS IN PERCENTAGE

$\mathbf{13}$

Participants	Language lab activities and tasks are mentioned in the syllabus clearly			
MMM user stu-	Can't say	No	Yes	Total
dents				respondents
	12	79	42	134
	9%	32%	59%	100%
MMM user Teach-	1	9	4	
ers				
	3%	63.7%	33.3%	100%

[Note: Language lab activities and tasks are mentioned in the syllabus clearly Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data]

Figure 9: Table 1 . 3

$\mathbf{14}$

MMM user students	Can't say	No	Yes	Total respondents
	21	50	63	134
	15.8%	36.9%	47.3%	100%
MMM user Teachers	2	5	7	
	13.3%	40.7%	46%	100%

Figure 10: Table 1 . 4

Participants		The majority of the teachers are familiar w	with the	use of MN	IM in the class as well as outs
MMM	user	Can't say	No	Yes	Total re-
students					spondents
		28%	40%	66%	134
		20.9%	29.8%	49.3%	100%
MMM	user	1	8	5	14
Teachers					
		5%	58.3%	36. %7	100%

Figure 11: Table 1 . 5

$\mathbf{1}$

.6

[Note: Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary dataFigure 1.6 Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary data]

Figure 12: Table 1

$\mathbf{18}$

MMM user students	Can't say	No	Yes	Total respondents
	32	46	56	134
	23.9%	34.3%	41.8%	100%
MMM user Teachers	4	8	2	14
	33.3%	53.3%	13.4%	100%

[Note: Source: Researchers' calculation based on primary dataFigure 1.8]

Figure 13: Table 1 . 8

19

Participants		Enough writing materials are available in the multimedia lab			
MMM	user	Can't say	No	Yes	Total
students					respondents
		47	41	46	134
		35.1%	30.6%	34.6%	100%
MMM user Te	each-	3	9	2	
ers					
		20%	66.7%	13.3%	100%

[Note: Enough writing materials are available in the multimedia labSource: Researchers' calculation based on primary data Figure 1.9]

Figure 14: Table 1 . 9

1							
MMM user student	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Ss} \qquad \text{Can't s} \\ 41 \\ 30.6\% \end{array}$	ay	No 50 37.3%	Yes 43 32.1%	Total respondents 134 100%		
MMM user Teache			9 69%	$\frac{52.1\%}{2}$ 11%	100% 14 100%		
	Figure 15: Table 1 .						
1							
MMM user student	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Can't sa}\\ 13\\ 9.7\% \end{array}$	-	No 53 39.6%	Yes 68 50.7%	Total respondents 134 100%		
MMM user Teacher			10 70.3%	3 23%	100%		
		Figure	16: Table 1				
1							
				41 Volume XX G) (X Issue XI Version I		
MMM user stu- dents	Can't say	No	Yes	Total respo	ondents		
MMM user	$16 \\ 11.9\% \\ 1$	$77 \\ 57.5\% \\ 10$	$41 \\ 30.6\% \\ 3$	$134 \\ 100\% \\ 14$			
Teachers	6.7%	73.3%	20%	14			

Figure 17: Table 1 .

1

MMM user students	Can't say	No	Yes	Total respondents
	18	44	72	134
	13.5%	32.8%	53.7%	100%
MMM user Teachers	1	10	3	14
	7%	73%	20%	100%

Figure 18: Table 1 .

		.14		
Participants	Sufficient language software and hardware are available.			le.
MMM user	Can't say	No	Yes	Total
students				respondents
	23	55	56	134
	17.2%	41%	41.8%	100%
MMM user Teach-	1	10	3	
ers				
	4.7%	74%	21.3%	100%

Figure 19: Table 1

1

Participants	MMM activities are used for all the skills.			
MMM user students	Can't say	No	Yes	Total respon-
				dents
	21	58	55	134
	15.7%	43.3%	41%	100%
MMM user Teachers	2	7	5	14
	13.3%	53.3%	33.4%	100%

Figure 20: Table 1 .15

everything in place the new setup of UGC, before employing or leading forward from where the objective of National Mission on use of ICT policy (2012) in higher education has left it.

¹⁶⁷ The researcher is hoping that the "Digital India" initiatives by the Hon'ble Prime Minister Mr. Narendra ¹⁶⁸ Modi will be able to facilitate the integration of multimedia technology into the l classroom in general and in the

language classroom in particular. All Universities and colleges at least the Universities of National Importance

170 and College of Excellence status, after visit of the National Assessment and Accreditation Council (NAAC) A+

171 accreditation level and other educational institutions must train their teachers, staff and restore multimedia

172 language labs and organise soft skill activities for student and teachers whenever possible, even the existing 173 syllabus does not required it.

174 [Elsom-Cook ()] M Elsom-Cook . Principles of interactive multimedia, (London) 2001. McGraw Hill.

175 [Cook ()] Second language learning and language teaching, V Cook . 2008. Hodder Education. London.

[Lantolf (ed.) ()] Socio cultural Theory: A unified approach to L2 learning and teaching, P J Lantolf . J. Cummins
 & C. Davison. (ed.) 2007. (International)

[Albirini ()] 'Teachers' attitudes toward information and communication technologies: The case of Syrian EFL
 teachers'. A Albirini . Computers & Education 2006. 47 (4) p. .

180 [Betrancourt (ed.) ()] The animation and interactivity principles in multimedia learning, M Betrancourt . R.

E. Mayer (ed.) 2005. New York: Cambridge University Press. (The Cambridge Handbook of Multimedia Learning)